SENATE BILL No. 248

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 35-38-1-28; IC 35-50-6-1.

Synopsis: Sexual predators and parole. Requires a sexually violent predator whose sentence does not include a commitment to the department of correction to be placed on lifetime parole.

Effective: July 1, 2007.

Mrvan

January 8, 2007, read first time and referred to Committee on Corrections, Criminal, and Civil Matters.



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First Regular Session 115th General Assembly (2007)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2006 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

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SENATE BILL No. 248

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning criminal law and procedure.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:



- SECTION 1. IC 35-38-1-28 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 28. (a) This section applies only to a sexually violent predator, including a person who is a sexually violent predator by operation of law for committing an offense under IC 35-38-1-7.5(b).
- (b) If a court imposes a sentence on a person described in subsection (a) that does not involve a commitment to the department of correction, the court shall order the parole board to place the person on lifetime parole and supervise the person in the same manner that the parole board supervises a sexually violent predator who has been released from imprisonment and placed on lifetime parole under IC 35-50-6-1(e).
- (c) If a person described in subsection (b) is also required to be supervised by a court, a probation department, a community corrections program, a community transition program, or another similar program upon the person's release from imprisonment, the



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1	parole board may:
2	(1) supervise the person while the person is being supervised
3	by the other supervising agency; or
4	(2) permit the other supervising agency to exercise all or part
5	of the parole board's supervisory responsibility during the
6	period in which the other supervising agency is required to
7	supervise the person;
8	in accordance with IC 35-50-6-1(g).
9	SECTION 2. IC 35-50-6-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.139-2006,
10	SECTION 6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.140-2006, SECTION 38, AND
11	AS AMENDED BY P.L.173-2006, SECTION 38, IS CORRECTED
12	AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
13	2007]: Sec. 1. (a) Except as provided in subsection (d) or (e), when a
14	person imprisoned for a felony completes the person's fixed term of
15	imprisonment, less the credit time the person has earned with respect
16	to that term, the person shall be:
17	(1) released on parole for not more than twenty-four (24) months,
18	as determined by the parole board;
19	(2) discharged upon a finding by the committing court that the
20	person was assigned to a community transition program and may
21	be discharged without the requirement of parole; or
22	(3) released to the committing court if the sentence included a
23	period of probation.
24	(b) This subsection does not apply to a person described in
25	subsection (d), (e), or (f). A person released on parole remains on
26	parole from the date of release until the person's fixed term expires,
27	unless the person's parole is revoked or the person is discharged from
28	that term by the parole board. In any event, if the person's parole is not
29	revoked, the parole board shall discharge the person after the period set
30	under subsection (a) or the expiration of the person's fixed term,
31	whichever is shorter.
32	(c) A person whose parole is revoked shall be imprisoned for all or
33	part of the remainder of the person's fixed term. However, the person
34	shall again be released on parole when the person completes that
35	remainder, less the credit time the person has earned since the
36	revocation. The parole board may reinstate the person on parole at any

(d) This subsection does not apply to a person who is a sexually

violent predator under IC 35-38-1-7.5. When a sex offender (as defined

in IC 5-2-12-4) IC 11-8-8-5) completes the sex offender's fixed term of

imprisonment, less credit time earned with respect to that term, the sex

offender shall be placed on parole for not more than ten (10) years.



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time after the revocation.

1	(e) This subsection applies to a person who is a sexually violent
2	predator under IC 35-38-1-7.5. When a sexually violent predator
3	completes the person's fixed term of imprisonment, less credit time
4	earned with respect to that term, the person shall be placed on parole
5	for the remainder of the person's life.
6	(f) This subsection applies to a parolee in another jurisdiction who
7	is a sexually violent predator under IC 35-38-1-7.5 and whose parole
8	supervision is transferred to Indiana from another jurisdiction. In
9	accordance with IC 11-13-4-1(2) (Interstate Compact for Out-of-State
10	Probationers and Parolees) and rules adopted under Article VII (d)(8)
11	of the Interstate Compact for Adult Offender Supervision
12	(IC 11-13-4.5), a parolee who is a sexually violent predator and whose
13 14	parole supervision is transferred to Indiana is subject to the same
15	conditions of parole as a sexually violent predator convicted in Indiana, including:
16	_
17	(1) lifetime parole (as described in subsection (e)); and(2) the requirement that the person wear a monitoring device (as
	described in IC 35-38-2.5-3) that can transmit information
18	•
19	twenty-four (24) hours each day regarding a person's precise
20	location, if applicable.
21 22	(g) If a person being supervised on lifetime parole as described in
23	subsection (e) is also required to be supervised by a court, a probation
	department, a community corrections program, a community transition program, or another similar program upon the person's release from
2425	imprisonment, the parole board may:
26	(1) supervise the person while the person is being supervised by
27	the other supervising agency; or
28	(2) permit the other supervising agency to exercise all or part of
29	the parole board's supervisory responsibility during the period in
30	which the other supervising agency is required to supervise the
31	person, if supervision by the other supervising agency will be, in
32	the opinion of the parole board:
33	(A) at least as stringent; and
34	(B) at least as effective;
35	as supervision by the parole board.
36	(h) The parole board is not required to supervise a person on
37	lifetime parole during any period in which the person is imprisoned.
38	However, upon the person's release from imprisonment, the parole
39	board shall recommence its supervision of a person on lifetime parole.
40	(i) If a court orders the parole board to place a sexually violent
41	predator whose sentence does not include a commitment to the
42	department of correction on lifetime parole under IC 35-38-1-28,
+ ∠	ucpartment of correction on medine partie under IC 35-36-1-28,



the parole board shall place the sexually violent predator on
lifetime parole and supervise the person in the same manner that
the parole board supervises a sexually violent predator on lifetime
parole whose sentence includes a commitment to the department
of correction.

SECTION 3. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007] IC 35-38-1-28, as added by this act, and IC 35-50-6-1(i), as amended by this act, apply only to crimes committed after June 30, 2007.

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